

Current Investment Strategy and Themes

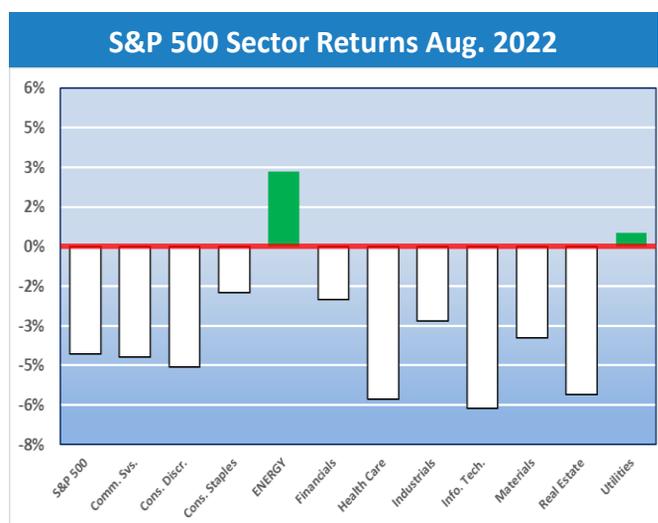
- **The failure of the July bear market rally to sustain after the Fed announcements of their inflation fighting commitment highlights the need to focus on the characteristics and strategies within the portfolio holdings.**
- **Yield protection will lower volatility and lower sensitivity to rising rates, these characteristics within both stocks and bonds will help through this inflationary phase.**

The Markets in Review: August 2022

- For most of August, the markets were optimistic that a “dovish” Federal Reserve policy would return. And then all things would be good again; inflation would fall, the economy would avoid a deep recession, and financial asset prices would rise again. But Chairmen Powell ended that hope with a strongly worded speech on the Fed’s inflation fighting program that included such words as “pain”, “forcefully”, “unfortunate costs” and “for some time”. This ended the optimism; stock and bond prices fell, and the S&P 500 ended down over 4% for the month.
- The July rally was hoped to indicate the market bottom. Instead, it now appears as just one of those bear market rallies that occur in conjunction with the volatility in interest rates and sentiment. The early summer stock and bond market’s bear rally was fueled by a sharp drop in longer-term interest rates. The yield on the 10-year Treasury bond had been on a steady move upward since November 2021, not coincidentally also the peak of the NASDAQ index. In just eight months, the yield rose from 1.54% to 3.49%. The mid-summer bond rally took the yield back down to 2.60%. And now the yield is back near its peak. Despite relief and volatility in some commodities, the overall rate of inflation has not turned downward.
- Equity market direction is often a battle of the rate and direction of the earnings the companies generate, and the interest rate that discounts those future earnings back to a current price. Rising interest rates discount those earnings into a lower price. That is where the market is now. The rising discount rate is causing lower Price to Earnings ratios. The earnings pattern within corporate America is beginning to vary wildly. Energy companies are generating higher earnings, while sectors connected to consumer spending like retailers are facing falling earnings. As a whole, the earnings in the S&P 500 are forecast to be higher in 2022, and then forecasted to be higher again in 2023. The market does not yet believe that the economic slowdown and inflation will substantially impact the earnings ability of all companies when taken together.
- When the current fundamentals and prices appear so negative, investors begin to believe that selling all and leaving the markets is their best option. The data shows that market-timing rarely works successfully. Primarily because the investor lacks the decision rules when to reenter the markets. Instead, investors reenter based on a recent price surge and all they do is capture the end of a bear market rally and sustain further losses, or reenter long after a true bull market has begun. The key to bear market investing is a clearly understand and position the strategies within the bond and stock portion. The keys now are lower duration management, volatility management, and inflation hedges with commodity exposure.

Key Market Indicators					
	Bullish	Favorable	Neutral	Cautious	Bearish
		Aug 2022	Year to Date	Last 12 Months	Current View
Equities					
U.S. Large Cap		-4.08%	-16.14%	-11.23%	■ Cautious
U.S. Small Cap		-2.05%	-17.16%	-17.88%	■ Cautious
International Developed		-4.75%	-19.57%	-19.80%	■ Cautious
Emerging Markets Equity		0.42%	-17.49%	-21.80%	■ Cautious
Fixed Income					
U.S. Aggregate		-2.83%	-10.75%	-11.52%	■ Bearish
U.S. Government		-2.46%	-9.87%	-10.70%	■ Cautious
U.S. Corporate		-2.83%	-13.70%	-14.43%	■ Neutral
U.S. High Yield		-2.30%	-11.22%	-10.60%	■ Cautious
Non-U.S. Developed		-5.93%	-21.67%	-25.30%	■ Cautious
Emerging Market Debt		0.32%	-12.66%	-18.30%	■ Bearish
Alternatives					
REITs		-5.97%	-18.17%	-9.96%	■ Neutral
Commodities		-1.40%	20.77%	27.95%	■ Favorable
Managed Futures		4.56%	21.77%	19.75%	■ Favorable
Hedge Funds		0.95%	-3.63%	-3.93%	■ Favorable

Source: Morningstar, data as of 8/31/2022



Source: Morningstar

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Index definitions:

“U.S. Large Cap” represented by the S&P 500 Index.

“U.S. Small Cap” represented by the Russell 2000 Index.

“International” represented by the MSCI Europe, Australasia, Far East (EAFE) Net Return Index.

“Emerging” represented by the MSCI Emerging Markets Net Return Index.

“U.S. Aggregate” represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index.

“U.S. Government” represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Government Bond Index.

“U.S. Corporate” represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Credit Bond Index.

“U.S. High Yield” represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Index.

“Non-U.S. Developed” represented by the S&P International Treasury ex U.S. Index.

“Emerging Market Debt” represented by the JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Core Index.

“REITs” represented by the FTSE North American Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) Equity REITs Index.

“Commodities” represented by the Dow Jones Commodity Index .

“Managed Futures” represented by the Credit Suisse Managed Futures Index.

“Global Macro” represented by the Credit Suisse Global Macro Index

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